Developing and implementing clinical pathways

EAHP congress 2016 – Vienna V. Fortineau



Conflict of interest Nothing to disclose

2

Who am I?



Master degree in mechanical engineering
PhD in Information Systems
4 years teacher at Arts et Métiers engineering sch
2 years founder at Khtema company
Started working with hospitals in 2012



V Fortineau - EAHP congress - 03/2016

Interactive query Yes or No

Please give your answers to the questions

- 1. Do you think process mapping is only used by quality services and audit officers and are stored in nerver-opened-folders?
- 2. Do you think you have implemented process management in your unit?
- 3. Do you think this skill is relevant for the hospital pharmacist?



Interactive query Yes or No

- 1. IDEF0 is a standard language used to map processes (and you actually use it).
- In planning / scheduling activity, the method is specific to the end-user domain but the tools and execution are comparable.
- 3. Clinical pathways are processes like any others at the hospital.

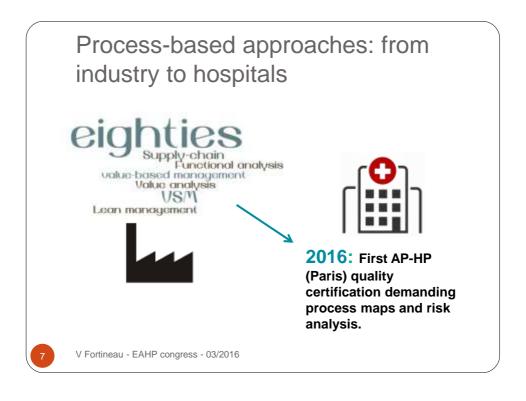


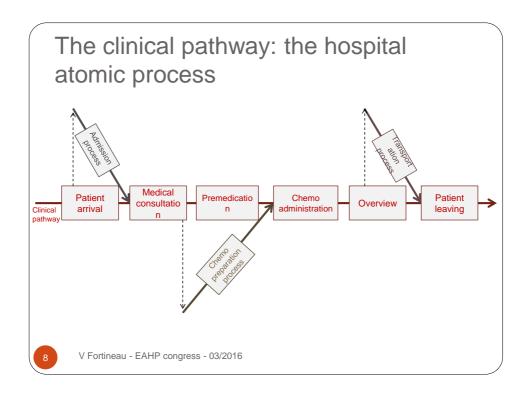
V Fortineau - EAHP congress - 03/2016

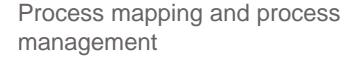
Agenda

- Introduction on process-based approaches and process management
- Process management to enhance collaboration: illustration at the Day-hospital and on drug downstream logistic
- Clinical pathways to plan an schedule operations: application to an ambulatory clinic.
- Monitor and manage everyday activities using clinical pathways and processes: a transformation-to-be at the public hospital.











- Make it actually live
- Visual process
 management
 Value analysis
- Process-based document managemer

What for?

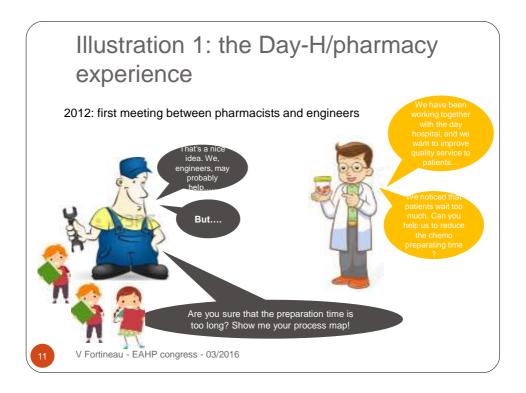
9

V Fortineau - EAHP congress - 03/2016

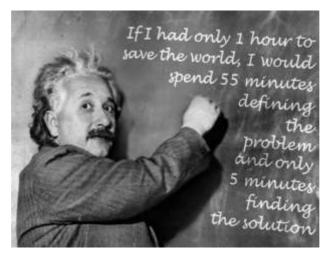
Aims of process management

- Enhance collaboration in multi-disciplinary teams
- Monitoring of floor activities
- Planning and scheduling operations

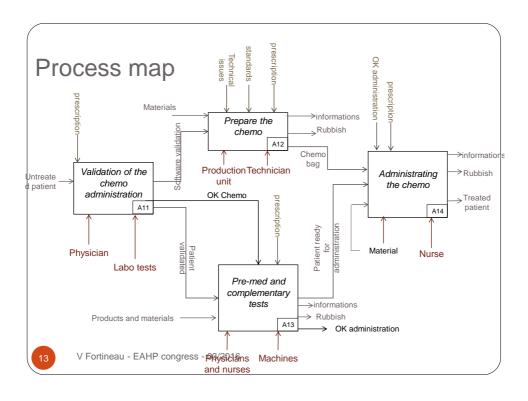
10



Remember Einstein

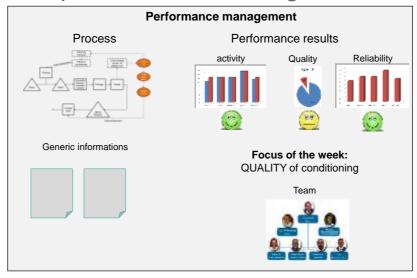


12





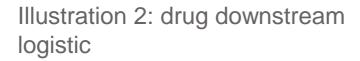
Visual performance management

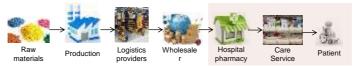


Lessons learned

- The process view support better collaboration
- Appropriation by the end-users is a key factor of success
- Starting with simple actions and a limitated scope helps end-users appropriation

16





Drug downstream logistic

Frequent issue: care services overstock drugs and face failures

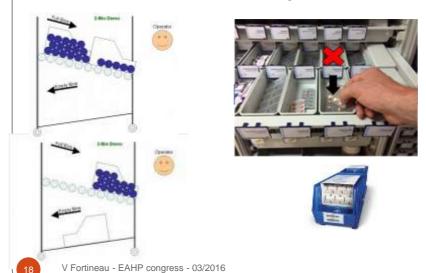
Frequent solution: inventory anagement system (based on a techn

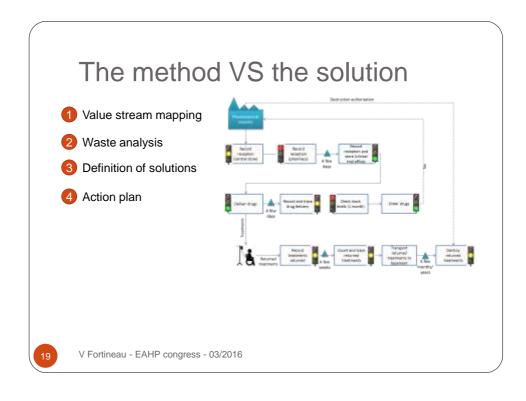
Process-based approach

17

V Fortineau - EAHP congress - 03/2016

Solution: Two-bin system





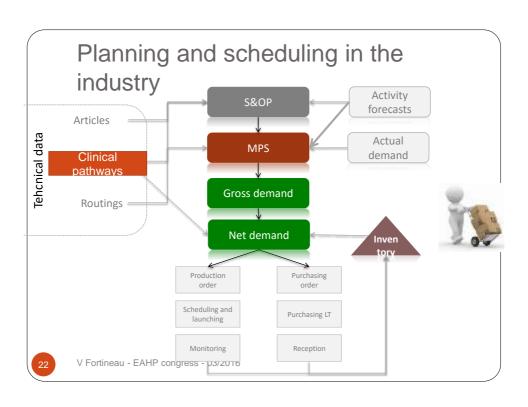


Designing the clinical pathways for planning and scheduling

- Case study: designing and implementing an ambulatory clinic to gather the existing day-care pathways.
 - 24 different pathways
 - 900 m2 to design
 - Forecast: 55 to 60 patients/day

How would you proceed?

21



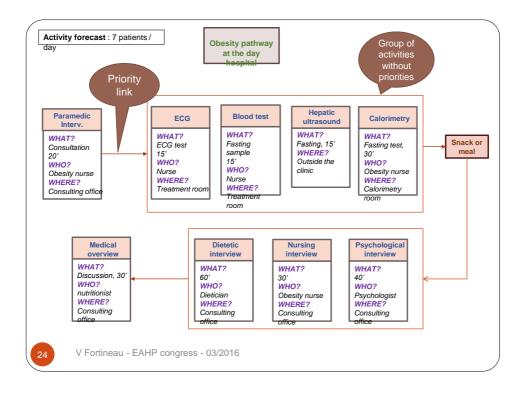
Let's make it simple

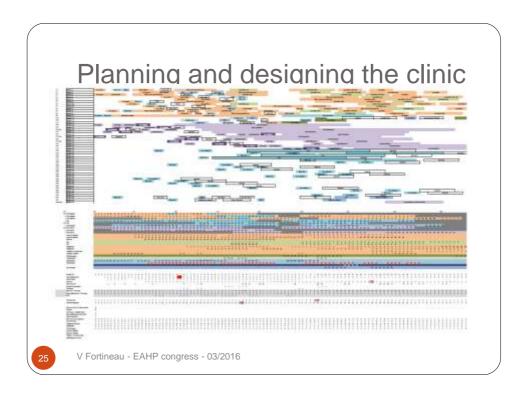
The day hospital ask the pharmacy to compound injectables ready to administer for two population of patients:

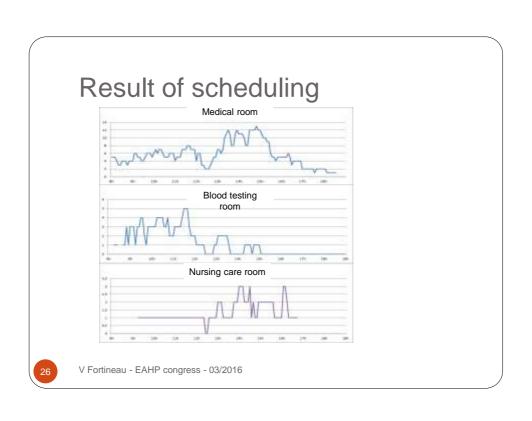
- patients suffering from Cancer and requiring chemos
- patients suffering from Crohn disease and requiring biotherapies

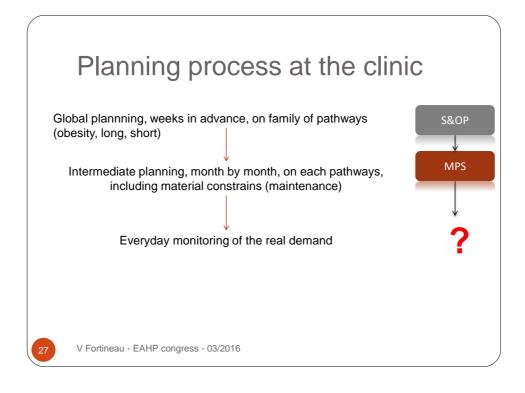
Chemos and biotherapies must be produced on separated units. The opening hours are 9:00 am to 2:30 pm. In average, per day, the day hospital treats 13 patients suffering from cancer (7 arrive at 9:00 am and 6 arrive at 10:00 am) and 5 suffering from Crohn disease (they arrive at 11:00 am). Usual closure time of the day hospital is 6:30 pm.

The production of chemo takes in average 40 minutes (10 minutes preparation materials, 20 minutes production, 10 minutes control and transportation) and the production of biotherapies take 1 hour (10 minutes preparation 40 minutes production, 10 minutes control and transportation). At the day hospital, all the patient spend 10 minutes when arriving with the secretary for administrative issues (the same when living, to schedule next appointment). Then they are divided into two groups: the patients suffering from cancer see an oncologist (20 minutes) to validate the chemo. During the chemo preparation, the nurses provide pre-med (duration = between 1,5 and 2 hours, nursing time = 30 min at the beginning), and then administrate the chemo (duration = between 2 and 2,5 hours, nursing time = 30 min at the beginning, and 20 min at the end). The patient suffering from Chrone disease are pre-med only when the biotherapy is ready to use (duration = 30 min, nursing time = 10 min at the beginning 10 min at the end). Then, the administration requires 2 hours (nursing time = 20 min at the beginning and at the end).









What if?

- The patient comes later
- The resource are limited / occupied
- The patient needs more care time
-
- The everyday-life must be monitored



Monitoring the clinical pathways

- Making real-time decisions thanks to real-time information and based on anticipated and various optimisation criteria.
- Because of the growing complexity, it often requires a robust information system to support (for large-scale application)...
- ... but on delimited scope, monitoring only requires a whiteboard and a pen!



V Fortineau - EAHP congress - 03/2016

Upcoming projects

- Implementing pyx4 software at the pharmacy to support a process-based document and skill management.
- Lean transformation of the logistic sector, using three keys methods: visual management, inventory management and process management.
- Proposing an execution methodology based on clinical pathways for the future ambulatory clinic.



Interactive query Yes or No

- 1. IDEF0 is a standard language used to map processes (and you actually use it)?
- 2. In planning / scheduling activity, the method is specific to the end-user domain but the tools and execution are comparable.
- Clinical pathways are processes like any others at the hospital.



V Fortineau - EAHP congress - 03/2016

Developing and implementing clinical pathways

EAHP congress 2016 – Vienna V. Fortineau

Thank you! vfortineau@gmail.com

